

| ساعت شروع:۸ صبح        | نام و نام خانوادگی: | رشته: کلیه رشته ها                       | سوالات امتحان نهایی درس: زبان انگلیسی |
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| مدت امتحان : ۱۲۰ دقیقه | تاريخ امتحان:       | تعداد صفحه:۶                             | پایه دوازدهم دوره دوم متوسطه          |
| eng-dept.talif.sch.ir  |                     | انش آموزان روزانه سراسر کشور در نوبت دوم |                                       |

| نمره | سوالات پاسخنامه دارد   | ردیف |  |  |  |
|------|--|------|--|--|--|
|      | به فایلهای صوتی گوش کنید و به سوالات خواسته شده پاسخ دهید. Listen to the audio and choose the best answer in questions 1 to 3.   |      |  |  |  |
| ٣    | 1. Zohreh`s birthday is  | ١    |  |  |  |
|      | a. next Friday b. next Wednesday c. this weekend   |      |  |  |  |
|      | 2. Mina moved to another   |      |  |  |  |
|      | a. neighboorhood b. city c. country  |      |  |  |  |
|      | 3. Zohreh didn`t invite Mina, because she hadn`t had her   |      |  |  |  |
|      | a. phone number b. new address c. enough time  |      |  |  |  |
|      | Listen to the audio and fill in the blank in questions 4 to 5.   |      |  |  |  |
|      |  | ۲    |  |  |  |
| ۲    | 4. Before they got home, they had gone to the  |      |  |  |  |
|      | 5. Yeganeh and Kiana came over for dinner on   |      |  |  |  |
|      | Listen to the audio and fill in the blank in questions 6 to 8.   |      |  |  |  |
| ٣    | 6. Sara is worried about destruction.  |      |  |  |  |
|      | 7. If you use buses, you will as well.   |      |  |  |  |
|      | 8. Buses can carry lots of   |      |  |  |  |
| ٨    | در این قسمت ، شما ۸ سوال را با توجه به موقعیت داده شده خواهید شنید. پس از شنیدن هر سوال ، به شما<br>فرصت داده خواهد شد که پاسخ خود را برای سوال های ۹ تا ۱۶ در پاسخنامه بنویسید. | ۴    |  |  |  |
|      |  |      |  |  |  |
|      |  |      |  |  |  |
|      |  |      |  |  |  |
|      | A TOTAL A SAME A GAL   |      |  |  |  |
|      | ادامه سوالات در صفحه دوم   |      |  |  |  |

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| سوالات <b>باسحنامه دارد</b>   نمره | نمره | سوالات ياسخنامه دارد | ردیف |
|------------------------------------|------|----------------------|------|
|------------------------------------|------|----------------------|------|

| لمره      | ديف سوالات پاسخنامه دارد   | ر |  |  |  |
|-----------|--|---|--|--|--|
|           | Vocabulary   |   |  |  |  |
|           | جملات ستون ${f A}$ را به دقت بخوانید و عبارت متناسب با هریک از آن ها را از ستون ${f B}$ انتخاب کنید. (در ستون ${f B}$ یک   | ۵ |  |  |  |
| $ \cdot $ | قسمت اضافی است)  |   |  |  |  |
| ١         | Column A Column B  |   |  |  |  |
|           | 17. The people of this city come from a <b>variety</b> of <b>a.</b> to put thing in a useful order different background.   |   |  |  |  |
|           | 18. <b>People like to spend time with others who are similar to them.</b> b. to cry suddenly   |   |  |  |  |
|           | 19. His books are neatly <b>arranged</b> in alphabetical <b>c.</b> to take something in order.   |   |  |  |  |
|           | 20. The children <b>burst into</b> tears on hearing of the death of their grandfather.  d. many different types of things or people e. birds of a feather flock together   |   |  |  |  |
|           |  |   |  |  |  |
|           | ۶ پاراگراف زیر را با استفاده از کلمات داده شده کامل کنید. (یک کلمه اضافی است)  |   |  |  |  |
|           | generated, pollute, replaced, contain, recommended   |   |  |  |  |
| 1         | Renewable energy is any energy that comes from natural resources. Renewable energy is called renewable because it can be easily (21) without the help of human. It is clean as it doesn't (22) water or air. The most common type of renewable energy is the solar power. Nowadays, it is (23) to use solar energy for heating water and air in homes. The shift to renewable energy is increasing. In 2017, the amount of electricity (24) from it could have powered the whole of Britain in 1958. |   |  |  |  |
| ۲         | ۲ جملات زیر را با استفاده از معلومات خودتان کامل کنید. اولین حرف کلمه مورد نظر در جمله آمده است. 25. Iranian soldiers are brave. They s no pains to defend our country against   |   |  |  |  |
|           | enemies.  26. A book in which you record your thoughts or feelings or what has happened every day is called a <b>d</b>   |   |  |  |  |
|           | 27. She's always the first one in line and does well at these sales – the e bird catches the worm!   |   |  |  |  |
|           | 28. The part at the beginning of a book that gives a general idea of what it is about is called an <b>i</b>  |   |  |  |  |
|           | ادامه سوالات در صفحه سوم   |   |  |  |  |
|           | *** <del>*</del>   |   |  |  |  |

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| نمره | سوالات پاسخنامه دارد   |    |  |  |  |
|------|--|----|--|--|--|
|      | Grammar  |    |  |  |  |
|      | گزینه صحیح را انتخاب کنید.   | ٨  |  |  |  |
| 1/2  |  |    |  |  |  |
|      | 29. I am looking for someone can look after my grandparents while I go       |    |  |  |  |
|      | on vacation.  a. which b. who c. whom d. whose                               |    |  |  |  |
|      | 30. When I got home, I found that someone into my flat.                      |    |  |  |  |
|      | a. has broken b. broke c. breaks d. had broken                               |    |  |  |  |
|      | 31. The first fast food restaurants in our city thirty years ago.            |    |  |  |  |
|      | a. are opened b. opened c. were opened d. open                               |    |  |  |  |
|      | شکل درست افعال داخل پرانتز را در جملات زیر استفاده کنید.                     | ٩  |  |  |  |
| 1/0  | 32. Her grandfather neverjunk food, does he? (to eat)                        |    |  |  |  |
|      | 33. Some information can about the job by John. (to give)                    |    |  |  |  |
|      | 33. Some information can about the job by John. (to give)                    |    |  |  |  |
|      | 34. If the old man had his glasses, he the paper. (to read)                  |    |  |  |  |
|      | با استفاده از کلمات در هم ریخته زیر جملات معنا دار بسازید.                   | 1. |  |  |  |
|      | 35. watched / her / DVD / she / which / bought / father / the / yesterday /. |    |  |  |  |
|      | 33. watched / her / DVD / she / which / bought / father / the / yesterday /. |    |  |  |  |
| ١    |  |    |  |  |  |
|      | 36. rules / everyone / must / obeyed / the / by / traffic / be / .           |    |  |  |  |
|      | <u>Writing</u>   |    |  |  |  |
|      | جملات زیر را با استفاده از ربط دهنده های (and, but, so, or) کامل کنید.       | 11 |  |  |  |
| ۲    | 37. We can eat our lunch at the restaurant, we can have it at home.          |    |  |  |  |
|      | 38. They went to the park yesterday, they had a wonderful time.              |    |  |  |  |
|      | 39. There is snow in the street, it's not too cold.                          |    |  |  |  |
|      | 40. He couldn't find his pen, he wrote in pencil.                            |    |  |  |  |
|      |  |    |  |  |  |
|      |  |    |  |  |  |
|      | ادامه سوالات در صفحه چهارم   |    |  |  |  |
|      |  |    |  |  |  |

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| eng-dept.talif.sch.ir  |                     |                    | دانش آموزان روزانه سراسر کشور در نوبت دوم |

| نمره | سوالات پاسخنامه دارد  | رديف |
|------|---|------|
| ۲    | برای هر کدام از پاراگراف های زیر یک Topic Sentence مناسب بنویسید.  41. Ants   | 14   |
| 1    | جملات زیر از یک پاراگراف در هم ریختـه انتخـاب شـده اسـت. آنهـا را بـه گونـه ای مرتـب کنیـد کـه یـک پاراگراف معنا دار شکل گیرد. سپس تر تیب درست را در پاسخنامه بنویسید.  43. (  a. Next, check the amount of antifreeze in your radiator and add more if necessary.  b. First, put on snow tires if you plan to drive on snowy, icy roads very often.  c. Driving in winter, especially on snowy, icy roads can be less dangerous if you take a few simple cautions.  d. Finally, it is also a good idea to carry tire chains, a can of spray to unfreeze door locks, and a windshield scraper in your car when driving in winter weather. | ١٣   |
| 1    | پاراگراف زیر را بخوانید و دو جمله ای که به Topic Sentence بنویسید.  بنویسید.  The new century has brought big changes in communication. (a)Cell phones are small enough to carry in your pocket. (b)Students should not use cell phones in schools.  (c)Videophones let you see the person you are talking to on the phone. (d)But some people do not have such phones. (e)Tiny hand-size computers know your favorite subjects. (f)The Internet is everywhere.  45:  | 14   |
|      | ادامه سوالات در صفحه پنجم   |      |

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| مدت امتحان : ۱۲۰ دقیقه | تاريخ امتحان:       | تعداد صفحه:۶                             | پایه دوازدهم دوره دوم متوسطه          |
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| نمره | سوالات پاسخنامه دارد   | ردیف |  |  |  |
|------|--|------|--|--|--|
| ۲    | با استفاده از اطلاعات داده شده یک پاراگراف درباره دکتر محمود حسابی در پاسخنامه خود بنویسید.  | ۱۵   |  |  |  |
|      | Date and place of birth: 1281, Tehran Education: started in Beirut Degree: PhD in physics Job: a university professor Date of death: 1371  46: Professor Mahmud Hesabi was one of the most famous Iranian scientists   |      |  |  |  |
|      | Reading  |      |  |  |  |
| ۴    | Many countries now think that cars that burn fossil fuels should be replaced by electric cars. Electric cars don't burn gasoline in an engine, so they don't pollute the air. They use electricity stored on the car in batteries.  Sometimes, 12 or 24 batteries, or more, are needed to power the car. Just like a remote- controlled car, an electric car has an electric motor that turns the wheels and a battery to run the motor. Electricity, the same energy that lights your lamps and runs your TV, is stored in batteries on an electric car. The batteries can be like the batteries you find in flashlights or in regular gasoline cars.  To get the battery ready to roll, you have to charge it. This process isn't much different from the way you charge the portable devices you carry around every day: your cell phone, MP3 player, or digital camera. The difference is that you deal with a much bigger gadget that carries you around instead. | 18   |  |  |  |
|      | 47. The word " <b>roll</b> " in paragraph three means a. start b. consume c. absorb d. shout   |      |  |  |  |
|      | 48. The word "they" in paragraph one refers to a. fossil fuels b. many countries c. electrical cars d. batteries   |      |  |  |  |
|      | 49. Electric cars use both fossil fuel and <b>a. True b. False</b> electricity.  |      |  |  |  |
|      | 50. People can charge electric cars at home. <b>a. True b. False</b>   |      |  |  |  |
|      | ادامه سوالات در صفحه ششم   |      |  |  |  |
|      | ادامه سوالات در صفحه سسم   | 1    |  |  |  |

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| نمره |  | ۵         | سوالات ياسخنامه دار |                       | ردیف |  |
|------|--|-----------|---------------------|-----------------------|------|--|
| - ,  |  |           |                     |                       |      |  |
| ۴    | متن زیر را بخوانید و به سوالات به صورت خواسته شده پاسخ دهید.<br>When a child is born, he cannot speak. The only way he can communicate with others         |           |                     |                       |      |  |
|      | is making a few kinds of sound like crying. By crying, he can show his feelings, he  |           |                     |                       |      |  |
|      | can say, "I am hungry, I'm tired," But after a few months, the baby gets aware of  |           |                     |                       |      |  |
|      | his world. At this time, he's careful about everything around him, especially his  |           |                     |                       |      |  |
|      | parents. He begins to record what they do, what they say and how they act. He even   |           |                     |                       |      |  |
|      | records his parent's accent, tone of voice, or gesture. Then the baby starts to <u>imitate</u>   |           |                     |                       |      |  |
|      | them, that is he tries to copy them and act just like them. By imitating his parents, he'll  |           |                     |                       |      |  |
|      | be able to say his first words which are normally very simple. As time passes, the   |           |                     |                       |      |  |
|      | child's speaking skill develops more and more, and when he gets older, he can choose proper words, gestures, and expressions to say exactly what he wants. |           |                     |                       |      |  |
|      | proper words, gestures, and expressions to say exactly what he wants.  |           |                     |                       |      |  |
|      | 51. Which sentence is <b>correct</b> ?   |           |                     |                       |      |  |
|      | a. The first child's words are very simple.  |           |                     |                       |      |  |
|      | b. Parent's gestures are also difficult to practice.   |           |                     |                       |      |  |
|      | c. The baby doesn't copy his parent's action.  |           |                     |                       |      |  |
|      | d. As a child gets older, he can't speak at all.   |           |                     |                       |      |  |
|      | 52. The only means of communication for a newborn baby is  |           |                     |                       |      |  |
|      | a. his facial exp  | pressions | b. crying           |                       |      |  |
|      | c. saying difficult words d. gestures  |           |                     |                       |      |  |
|      | 53. The baby gets to know the world around when he   |           |                     |                       |      |  |
|      | a. goes to school  |           | b. copies his pare  | b. copies his parents |      |  |
|      | c. is a few months old   |           | d. acts quickly     | d. acts quickly       |      |  |
|      | 54. The word, " <b>imitate</b> " is closest in meaning to  |           |                     |                       |      |  |
|      | a. remind  | b. copy   | c. change           | d. respect            |      |  |
|      | موفق باشید   |           |                     |                       |      |  |
| ۴٠   | جمع نمره ۴۰  |           |                     |                       |      |  |
| L    | ı  |           |                     |                       |      |  |

پاسخ نامه سوالات امتحان نهایی درس زبان انگلیسی یایه دو آزدهم eng-dept.talif.sch.ir منبع نمونه سوال به فایلهای صوتی گوش کنید و به سو الات خَو استه شده باسخ دهید. Listen to the audio and choose the best answer in questions 1 to 3. 1. Zohreh's birthday is this weekend. a. next Friday b. next Wednesday c. this weekend 1 2. Mina moved to another neighborhood. a. neighborhood b. city c. country 3. Zohreh didn't invite Mina, because she hadn't had her new address. a. phone number b. new address c. enough time Listen to the audio and fill in the blank in questions 4 to 5. 4. Before they got home, they had gone to the Museum of Holy Defense. 2 5. Yeganeh and Kiana came over for dinner on Thursday. Listen to the audio and fill in the blank in questions 6 to 8. 6. Sara is worried about (all we hear and read about )environmental destruction. 7. If you use buses, you will save money as well. 3 8. Buses can carry lots of passengers. در این قسمت، شما 8سوال را با توجه به موقعیت داده شده خواهید شنید. پس از شنیدن هر سوال، به شما فرصت داده خواهد شد که پاسخ خود را برای سوال های 9 تا 16 بنویسید. با در نظر گرفتن اهمیت فرهنگ لغت در یادگیری یک زبان خارجی، به سوالات 9 و 10 پاسخ دهید. 9. Which dictionary uses only one language? Monolingual or bilingual dictionary? A monolingual dictionary 4 10 .Where can you find guide words in dictionary? At the bottom of each page or at the top of each page? at the top of each page سوال های 11 و 12 در پایان صحبتهای معلم درباره دکتر قریب در کلاس درس مطرح شده. به دقت گوش کنید و جواب های خود را در پاسخنامه بنویسید. ( با توجه به عدم ارایه فایل صوتی این بخش، پاسخ ها حدسی می باشند) 11. Who was Dr. Gharib? Dr. Gharib was a distinguished Iranian physician. 12. Why is Dr. Gharib famous? Because he was very kind and helpful to poor families. He also wrote the first Persian textbook on children's disease. با توجه به مطالبی که درباره انرژی های پاک می دانید به سوال های 13 و 14 یاسخ دهید. 13. Could you name two main sources of renewable energy? Solar energy and Wind power. - also hydro power( water), plants( Biomass or Bioenergy), Geothermal energy and tides(Tidal power) 14. Which one is fossil fuel? Oil or electricity? Oil.

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سوال های 15 و 16 را به دقت گوش کنید و سپس پاسخی در حد یک جمله ارایه دهید.
    15. What would you do if you had a lot of money? (The answers may differ) I would buy a .........
    16. What should you do if someone is hard of hearing? (The answers may differ) I should speak louder.
    Vocabulary
    17. The people of this city come from a variety of different background. d. many different types of things or people
    18. People like to spend time with others who are similar to them.
                                                                       e. birds of a feather flock together
    19. His books are neatly arranged in alphabetical order.
                                                                       a. to put thing in a useful order
    20. The children burst into tears on hearing of the death of their grandfather.
                                                                                b. to cry suddenly
                              generated, pollute, replaced, contain, recommended
    Renewable energy is any energy that comes from natural resources. Renewable energy is called
6
    renewable because it can be easily (21) replaced without the help of human. It is clean as it doesn't
    (22) pollute water or air. The most common type of renewable energy is the solar power. Nowadays, it
    is (23) recommended to use solar energy for heating water and air in homes. The shift to renewable
    energy is increasing. In 2017, the amount of electricity (24) generated from it could have powered the
    whole of Britain in 1958.
    25. Iranian soldiers are brave. They spare no pains to defend our country against enemies.
7
    26. A book in which you record your thoughts or feelings or what has happened every day is called a
    diary.
    27. She's always the first one in line and does well at these sales – the early bird catches the worm!
    28. The part at the beginning of a book that gives a general idea of what it is about is called an
    introduction.
    Grammar
    29. I am looking for someone who can look after my grandparents while I go on vacation.
       a. which
                        b. who
                                      c. whom
                                                        d. whose
8
    30. When I got home, I found that someone had broken into my flat.
                                                        d. had broken
       a. has broken
                        b. broke
                                     c. breaks
    31. The first fast food restaurants were opened in our city thirty years ago.
       a. are opened
                        b. opened c. were opened d. open
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32. Her grandfather never eats junk food, does he? (to eat) 33. Some information can be given about the job by John. (to give) 34. If the old man had his glasses, he could read the paper. (to read) 35. watched / her / DVD / she / which / bought / father / the / yesterday /. She watched the DVD which her father bought yesterday. 10 36. rules / everyone / must / obeyed / the / by / traffic / be / . The traffic rules must be obeyed by everyone. 37. We can eat our lunch at the restaurant, or we can have it at home. 38. They went to the park yesterday, and they had a wonderful time. 39. There is snow in the street, **but** it's not too cold. 11 40. He couldn't find his pen, so he wrote in pencil. 41. Ants are known as busy insects. / Ants are Found everywhere in the world. / Ants are common insects. / Ants exist nearly everywhere on the Earth except Antarctica. They make their home in buildings, gardens, etc. They live in anthills. Ants are very hardworking insects. Throughout the summers 12 they collect food for the winter season. Ants are generally red and black in color. They have two eyes and six legs. They are social insects. 42. Forests should not be ignored and destroyed. /Forests are necessary for the survival of life on our big planet. / Forests are essential for life on earth. We depend on forests for our survival, from the air we breathe to the wood we use. Besides providing habitats for animals and livelihoods for humans, forests also offer watershed protection, prevent soil erosion and climate change. 43. (c.b.a.d) Driving in winter, especially on snowy, icy roads can be less dangerous if you take a few simple cautions. First, put on snow tires if you plan to drive on snowy, icy roads very often. Next, check the amount of antifreeze in your radiator and add more if necessary. Next, check the amount of antifreeze 13 in your radiator and add more if necessary. a. Next, check the amount of antifreeze in your radiator and add more if necessary. b. First, put on snow tires if you plan to drive on snowy, icy roads very often. c. Driving in winter, especially on snowy, icy roads can be less dangerous if you take a few simple cautions. d. Finally, it is also a good idea to carry tire chains, a can of spray to unfreeze door locks, and a windshield scraper in your car when driving in winter weather. The new century has brought big changes in communication. (a)Cell phones are small enough to carry in your pocket. (b)Students should not use cell phones in schools. (c)Videophones let you see the person you 14 are talking to on the phone. (d)But some people do not have such phones. (e)Tiny hand-size computers know your favorite subjects. (f)The Internet is everywhere.

|    | 44: <b>b</b> 45: <b>d</b>   |  |  |  |  |
|----|---|--|--|--|--|
| 15 | Date and place of birth: 1281, Tehran Education: started in Beirut Degree: PhD in physics Job: a university professor Date of death: 1371  46: Professor Mahmud Hesabi was one of the most famous Iranian scientists. He was born in Tehran, in 1281. He started his education in Beirut. He got his PhD in physics and became a university professor. He died in 1371.   |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Many countries now think that cars that burn fossil fuels should be replaced by electric cars. Electric cars don't burn gasoline in an engine, so they don't pollute the air. They use electricity stored on the car in batteries.  Sometimes, 12 or 24 batteries, or more, are needed to power the car. Just like a remote-controlled car, an electric car has an electric motor that turns the wheels and a battery to run the motor. Electricity, the same energy that lights your lamps and runs your TV, is stored in batteries on an electric car. The batteries can be like the batteries you find in flashlights or in regular gasoline cars.  To get the battery ready to roll, you have to charge it. This process isn't much different from the way you charge the portable devices you carry around every day: your cell phone, MP3 player, or digital camera. The difference is that you deal with a much bigger gadget that carries you around instead. |  |  |  |  |
|    | 47. The word "roll" in paragraph three meansa. a. start b. consume c. absorb d. shout 48. The word "they" in paragraph one refers toc a. fossil fuels b. many countries c. electrical cars d. batteries 49. Electric cars use both fossil fuel and electricity.  a. True b. False   |  |  |  |  |
|    | 50. People can charge electric cars at home.  a. True  b. False   |  |  |  |  |

با سلام. پاسخنامه ی پیشرو مربوط به نمونه سوال خرداد 12 ارایه شده از دفتر تالیف زبان انگلیسی می باشد .متواضعانه پذیرای ایرادات و پیشنهادات ارزشمند شما همکاران عزیز می باشم. سوهانیان

# Part one (audio scripts)

#### Conversation 1 (Lesson 2 P.33)

- This weekend is my birthday. I have invited everyone but Mina.

#Why not? If I were you I would certainly invite her. As far as I know you were close friends at school.

-Yes. But she has moved to another neighborhood. If I had her address, I would invite her.

#What a pity! If I knew that sooner, I could help you.

#### Conversation 2 (Lesson3 p.90)

-What did you do on Thursday?

#Oh, on Thursday Yeganeh and Kiana came over for dinner. We really missed you.

-Thanks, but you wanted to go to the Museum of Holy Defense, didn't you?

#Oh, Yes. Before we got home, we'd gone to the museum.

#### **Conversation 3**

Bahram: I'm very worried about all we hear and read about environmental destruction. It's important, but how can I help?

**Sara:** You go to work by car, right?

Bahram: Yes.

Sara: It will help if you go to work by bus.

**Bahram:** How will that help?

Sara: Buses carry lots of passengers. That means you use less gasoline per person, less pollution, less climate change, right?

**Bahram:** Yes, and I save money as well.

Sara: Right!

#### Part 2

#### **Questions:**

دانش آموزان عزیز : در این قسمت ، شما ۸ سوال را با توجه به موقعیت داده شده خواهید شنید. هر سوال سه بار پخش خواهد شد و پس از شنیدن هر سوال ، به شما فرصت داده خواهد شد که پاسخ خود را برای سوال های ۹ تا ۱۶ در پاسخنامه بنویسید.

با در نظر گرفتن اهمیت فرهنگ لغت در یادگیری یک زبان خارجی، به سوالات ۹ و ۱۰ پاسخ دهید.

- 9. Which dictionary uses only one language? Monolingual or bilingual dictionary?
- 10. Where can you find guide words in dictionary? At the bottom of each page or at the top of each page.

سوال های ۱۱ و ۱۲ در پایان صحبتهای معلم درباره دکتر قریب در کلاس درس مطرح شده. به دقت گوش کنید و جواب های خود را در پاسخنامه بنویسید.

- 11. Who was Dr. Gharib?
- 12. Why is Dr. Gharib famous?

با توجه به مطالبی که درباره انرژی های پاک می دانید به سوال های ۱۳ و ۱۴ پاسخ دهید.

- 13. Could you name two main sources of renewable energy?
- 14. Which one is fossil fuel? Oil or electricity?

سوال های ۱۵ و ۱۶ را به دقت گوش کنید و سپس پاسخی در حد یک جمله ارایه دهید.

- 15. What would you do if you had a lot of money?
- 16. What should you do if someone is hard of hearing?